

**B.A.ECONOMICS**  
**II B.A. PAPER-II-MACRO ECONOMICS**

**(With effect from 2009-2010)**

**Module 1: NATIONAL INCOME**

Meaning, Definition and importance of Macro Economics – National Income: Meaning, Definitions: National Income, GNP & NNP, GDP NDP, Personal Income (PI), Disposable Income

(DI), Per Capita Income(PCI), Real National Income(RNI) – Methods of Estimation of National Income (NI) – Measurement of National Income and trends in India; Simple Numerical illustrations.

**Module 2 : THEORIES OF EMPLOYMENT**

Classical theory of employment – Say’s law of markets – Keynesian theory of employment – Consumption function – APC, MPC, APS & MPS, factors influencing consumption – Investment

function – MEC and Rate of Interest and the concept of Multiplier – Accelerator with simple Numerical illustrations.

**Module 3: MONEY AND THEORIES OF MONEY**

Meaning, functions and classification of Money – Gresham’s law – R.B.I Classification of Money – M<sub>1</sub>, M<sub>2</sub>, M<sub>3</sub>,M<sub>4</sub> Theories of Money – Fisher’s quantity theory of Money, Cambridge approach (Marshall, and Keynes), Liquidity preference.

**Module 4: TRADE CYCLES AND INFLATION**

Trade cycles – Meaning and definition – Phases of a trade cycle – Inflation – Concept & Measurement of Inflation, Types of Inflation – Causes and effects of inflation – Measures to control inflation & Recession.

**Module 5: ELEMENTS OF FINANCIAL SYSTEM**

Banking – Basic Concepts, Functions of Commercial banks – The process of credit creation – Concept of Non Banking Finance Companies (NBFCs) – Functions of the Reserve bank of India

–  
Methods of Credit control – Quantitative and Qualitative Methods- Concept of Stock Market – Meaning, functions and importance of Stock Market – Primary and Secondary Markets. Concepts of

(a) Shares (b) Debentures- Role of SEBI in regulation of Stock Market. Insurance – Types of Insurance – Life Insurance and General Insurance.

**REFERENCES:**

1. G.Ackley – “Macro Economics Theory and Policy”, Collier Macmillan, 1978.
2. E.Shapiro – “Macro Economic Analysis”, Galgotia Publications, 1999.
3. Central Statistical Organisations – “National Accounts Statistics”.
4. R.Dornbush, S. Fisher and R. Startz – “Macro Economics”, Tata Mc. Graw Hill, 9/e, 2004.
5. M.L.Seth – “Macro Economics”, Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, 2006.
6. K.P.M. Sundaram – “Money, banking & International Trade”, Sultan Chand, 2006.
7. Dillard, D – “The Economics of John Maynard Keynes”, Crosby Lockwood & Sons.
8. Telugu Academy Publications
9. M N Mishra & S B Mishra – “Insurance Principles & Practice” S Chand 2007.
10. Bharati V. Pathak “ The Indian Financial System Markets. Institutions & Services”, Pearson 2008.

B.A. History New Curriculum w.e.f. 2008.

Paper – II

### History and Culture of India, 1526 – 1950

- Unit 1: Survey of Sources – Establishment of Mughal Empire – Shershah Sur – Brief Survey of Political History up to A.D. 1707 – Polity and Administration – Society – Social Composition – Ulema – Nobility – Peasantry – Artisans – Slaves – Status of Women – Economy: Agriculture Industries, Trade and Commerce – Economic and Technological Developments. Religion – Hindu-Muslim Relations – Composite Culture. Education, Literature, Art, Architecture and Fine Arts. Decline and Disintegration of Mughal Empire – Rise of Regional Powers – Marathas and Sikhs.
- Unit 2: Advent of European Powers – Portuguese, Dutch, English and French Expansion and Consolidation of British Empire – Wars – Diplomacy – Policies Pursued – Subsidiary Alliance – Doctrine of Lapse; Economic Policies and Changes – Mercantilism and Free Trade Policies – Land Revenue Settlements – Permanent – Ryotwari – Mahalwari Systems – Irrigation – Commercialization of Agriculture – Condition of Peasants – Famines – Decline of Cottage Industries.
- Unit 3: Anti-Colonial Upsurge – Peasant and Tribal Revolts, Revolt of 1857 – Causes – Nature and Results.
- Unit 4: Factors for Social Change – Christian Missionaries – Western Education – Emergence of New Middle Classes – Growth of Press – Socio-Religious Reform Movements – Brahma Samaj – Arya Samaj – Theosophical Society – Ramakrishna Mission – Aligarh Movement – Jyotiba Phule – Narayana Guru, Periyar's Self-Respect Movement – Dr. B.R. Ambedkar.
- Unit 5: National Movement – Factors for the Growth of Nationalism – Indian National Congress – Three Phases of Freedom Struggle – Revolutionary Movements – Left Wing Movements – Peasant and Workers Movements.
- Unit 6: Emergence of Communal Trends – Partition of India – Integration of Princely States into Indian Union – Formation of Indian Republic.

  
Chairman Board of Studies  
Department of History  
Osmania University Hyderabad-7

**B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**PAPER II**  
**INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS**

1. Salient Features of Indian Constitution: A Comparative Perspective with the Constitutions of UK, USA and Switzerland
2. Evolution of Indian Constitution – Nationalist Movement and Philosophical Foundations
3. Indian Federation – Centre – State Relations – Recent Trends
4. Fundamental Rights and Duties, Constitutional Remedies with special reference to Writs – Directive Principles of State Policy
5. President – Election, Powers and Functions – Prime Minister and Council of Ministers
6. Parliament – Composition, Powers and Functions
7. Judiciary – Supreme Court, Composition, Powers, Functions and Judicial Review – Judicial Activism
8. Party System: National and Regional Parties; Coalitional Politics
9. Election Commission – Electoral Reforms and Voting Behaviour
10. State Government – Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers – Powers and Functions
11. Social and Economic Factors – Language, Religion, Caste and Regional Identities
12. Social Movements: Agrarian, Working Class, Women, Tribal, Dalit and Environmental
13. Challenges to National Integration - Communalism and Terrorism
14. Local Government Institutions - 73<sup>rd</sup> & 74<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendments

***Books Recommended:***

1. *Politics in India* : Rajni Kothari
2. *Indian Constitution* : M.V. Pylee
3. *Indian Government and Politics*: S. S. Awasti
4. *Introduction for Constitution of India* : D.D. Basu
5. *Indian Government and Politics* : K.R. Acharya